Important Note: 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. 2. Any reveating of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, July/August 2022 Advanced Mathematics – II

Time: 3 hrs. Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

- 1 a. Prove that the sum of the squares of the direction cosines in equal to unity. (06 Marks)
 - b. If $\cos\alpha$, $\cos\beta$, $\cos\gamma$ are the direction cosines of a line. Prove that
 - (i) $\sin^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \beta + \sin^2 \gamma = 2.$
 - (ii) $\cos 2\alpha + \cos 2\beta + \cos 2\gamma = -1$ (07 Marks)
 - c. Find the image of the point (2, -1, 3) in the plane 2x + 4y + z 24 = 0. (07 Marks)
- 2 a. Find the equation of the plane in the intercept form. (06 Marks)
 - b. Find the equation of the plane which passes through (3, -3, 1) and is perpendicular to the planes 7x + y + 2z = 6 and 3x + 5y 6z = 8. (07 Marks)
 - c. Show that the lines $\frac{x-5}{4} = \frac{y-7}{4} = \frac{z+3}{-5}$ and $\frac{x-8}{7} = \frac{y-4}{1} = \frac{z-5}{3}$ are coplanar. Find their common point. (07 Marks)
- 3 a. Find sine of the angle between the vectors $2\hat{i} 2\hat{j} + \hat{k}$ and $\hat{i} 2\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$. (06 Marks)
 - b. Find the constant 'a' such that the vectors $2\hat{i} \hat{j} + \hat{k}$, $\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} 3\hat{k}$ and $3\hat{i} + a\hat{j} + 5\hat{k}$ are coplanar. (07 Marks)
 - c. Prove that $\begin{bmatrix} \vec{a} \times \vec{b}, \vec{b} \times \vec{c}, \vec{c} \times \vec{a} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \vec{a} & \vec{b} & \vec{c} \end{bmatrix}^2$. (07 Marks)
- 4 a. A particle moves along the curve $x = 1 t^3$, $y = 1 + t^2$, z = 2t 5 where t is the time. Find the velocity and acceleration at t = 1. (06 Marks)
 - b. Find the unit normal vector to the surface xy + x + zx = 3 at (1, 1, 1). (07 Marks)
 - c. Find the angle between the surfaces $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 9$ and $x = z^2 + y^2 3$ at the point (2, -1, 2).
- 5 a. Find the directional derivative of $\phi = x^2yz + xz^2$ at the point (-1,2,1) in the direction of $(2\hat{i} \hat{j} 2\hat{k})$.
 - b. Show that the vectors $\vec{F} = (2xy + z^2) i + (x^2 + 2xy) j + (y^2 + 2zx)k$ is irrotational. (07 Marks)
 - c. Given that $\vec{F} = (x + y + 1)\hat{i} + \hat{j} (x + y)\hat{k}$, show that \vec{F} .curl $\vec{F} = 0$. (07 Marks)
- 6 a. Using the definition show that $L[t^n] = \frac{n!}{s^{n+1}}$. (05 Marks)
 - b. Find L[t cos at]. (05 Marks)
 - c. Find $L\left[\frac{\cos at \cos bt}{t}\right]$. (05 Marks)
 - d. Find $L[\cos(at+b)]$. (05 Marks)

7 a. Find
$$L^{-1} \left[\frac{s^2 - 3s + 4}{s^3} \right]$$
. (05 Marks)

b. Find
$$L^{-1} \left[\frac{s+2}{s^2 - 4s + 13} \right]$$
. (05 Marks)

c. Find
$$L^{-1} \left[\frac{s^2 + s - 2}{s(s+3)(s-2)} \right]$$
. (05 Marks)

d. Find
$$L^{-1} \left[\log \frac{(s+a)}{(s+b)} \right]$$
. (05 Marks)

- 8 a. Using Laplace Transform method solve $y'' + 2y' 3y = \sin t$ subject to the condition, y(0) = y'(0) = 0. (10 Marks)
 - b. By applying Laplace transform, solve the differential equation y'' + 4y' + 3y = 0 subject to the condition y(0) = 0 and y'(0) = 1. (10 Marks)